

| Cold War Lesson | | | |
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| Central Historical Question: Who was primarily responsible for the Cold War: The United States or the Soviet Union? | | | |
| California | 10.9.2 Students analyze the international developments in the post-World War II world. | | |
| State | Analyze the causes of the Cold War, with the free world on one side and Soviet client state | | |
| Standard(s) on the other, including competition for influence in such places as Egypt, the Co | | | |
| | Vietnam, and Chile. | | |
| Common Core State Standard(s): | | | |
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| | | 1: Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content. a. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences the claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant data and evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both claim(s) and counterclaims in a discipline-appropriate form that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases. c. Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and counterclaims. d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from or supports the argument presented. 4: Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and | |

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| * | 8: Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and over-reliance on any one source and following a |
| | standard format for citation. 9: Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. 10: Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. |